Districts.	Accumulated departures.	Accumulated precipitation.	Districts.	Accumulated departures.	Accumulated precipitation.	
North Dakota	+1.70 +5.30	Per ct. 129 101 123 116 114	New England . Middle Atlantic . South Atlantic . Florida Peninsula . East Gulf . West Gulf . West Gulf . Unio Valley and Tenn . Lower Lakes . Upper Mississippi . Northern Slope . Middle Slope . Abilene (southern Slope) . Southern Plateau . Northern Plateau .	Inches. — 3.60 — 1.00 — 5.20 — 6.10 — 4.50 — 6.70 — 0.30 — 2.40 — 0.40 — 2.60 — 0.80 — 1.90	Per ct. 84 95 80 99 82 74 98 85 79 45 70 92 76	

Details as to excessive precipitation are given in Tables XII and XIII.

HAIL.

The following are the dates on which hail fell in the respective States:

Alabama, 1, 2, 22, 26. Arizona, 20, 25, 29, 30. Arkansas, 1, 2, 8, 17, 21. Colorado, 2, 5, 6, 9, 10, 19 to 25, 28, 30. Georgia, 24, 26, 27. Mississippi, 1, 16. Missouri, 1, 6, 7, 17, 21, 22, 23, 25. Montana, 3, 4, 17, 22, 23. Nebraska, 3 to 7, 16, 19, 20, 21, 24 to 27, 30. New Hampshire, 11, 21. New Jersey, 9, 18, 21. New Mexico, 22, 25, 28. New York, 14. North Carolina, 9, 13. North Dakota, 2, 15, 16, 20, 21, 27. Ohio, 3, 6, 7, 11, 13, 14, 15, 25. Oklahoma, 7. Oregon, 5, 9, 16, 29, 30. Pennsylvania, 16, 25. Oktanoma, 7. Oregon, 9, 9, 13, 23, 25, 21, 17, 20. South Dakota, 4, 6, 10, 14 to 17, 20, 22, 29, 30. Tennessee, 1, 15. Utah, 1, 2, 3, 16, 22, 29. Virginia, 15, 18. Wisconsin, 6, 7, 14, 15, 18, 19, 24, 25, 27. Wyoming, 17, 18, 23, 24.

## SUNSHINE AND CLOUDINESS.

The quantity of sunshine, and therefore of heat, received by the atmosphere as a whole is very nearly constant from year to year, but the proportion received by the surface of the earth depends upon the absorption by the atmosphere, and varies largely with the distribution of cloudiness. The sunshine is now recorded automatically at 17 regular stations of the Weather Bureau by its photographic, and at 23 by its thermal effects. At one station records are kept by both methods. The photographic record sheets show the apparent solar time, but the thermometric sheets show seventyfifth meridian time; for convenience the results are all given in Table XI for each hour of local mean time.

Photographic and thermometric registers give the duration of that intensity of sunshine which suffices to make a record, and, therefore, they generally fail to record for a short time after sunrise and before sunset, because, even in a cloudless sky, the solar rays are then too feeble to affect the selfregisters. If, therefore, such records are to be used for determining the amount of cloudiness, they must be supplemented by special observations of the sky near the sun at these times. The duration of clear sky thus specially determined constitutes the so-called twilight correction (more properly a low-sun correction), and when this has been applied, as has been done in preparing Table XI, there results a complete record of the clearness of the sky from sunrise to sunset in the neighborhood of the sun. The twilight correction is not needed when the self-registers are used for recorded most frequently, are shown in Table I for the regular ascertaining the duration of a special intensity of sunshine, Weather Bureau stations.

but is necessary when the duration of cloudiness is alone desired, as is usually the case.

The average cloudiness of the whole sky is determined by numerous personal observations at all stations during the daytime, and is given in the column "average cloudiness" in Table I; its complement, or percentage of clear sky, is given in the last column of Table XI.

## COMPARISON OF DURATIONS AND AREAS.

The sunshine registers give the durations of effective sunshine whence the duration relative to possible sunshine is derived; the observer's personal estimates give the percentage of area of clear sky. These numbers have no necessary relation to each other, since stationary banks of clouds may obscure the sun without covering the sky, but when all clouds have a steady motion past the sun and are uniformly scattered over the sky, the percentages of duration and of area agree closely. For the sake of comparison, these percentages have been brought together, side by side, in the following table, from which it appears that, in general, the instrumental records of percentages of durations of sunshine are almost always larger than the observers' personal estimates of percentages of area of clear sky; the average excess for June, 1896, is 12 per cent for photographic and 16 per cent for thermometric records.

The details are shown in the following table, in which the stations are arranged according to the greatest possible duration of sunshine, and not according to the observed duration as heretofore.

Difference between instrumental and personal observations of sunshine.

Stations.		Total possible duration for the whole month.	Personal estimated area of clear sky.	Instrumental record of sunshine.			
				Photographic.	Difference.	Thermometric.	Difference
Bismarck, N. Dak. Helena, Mont. Portland, Oreg.*  Eastport, Me. Minneapolis, Minn Northfield, Vt Portland, Me Rochester, N. Y Buffalo, N. Y  Boston, Mass Chicago, III Cleveland, Ohio Des Moines, Iowa. Detroit, Mich. Dubuque, Iowa Eureka, Cal. New York, N. Y. Salt LakeCity, Utah. Colorado Springs, Colo Denver, Colo. Philadelphia, Pa. Baltimore, Md. Cincinnati, Ohio Kansas City, Mo. St. Louis, Mo. Washington, D. C. Dodge City, Kans. Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. Santa Fe, N. Mex. Little Rock, Ark. Atlanta, Ga. Wicksburg, Miss New Orleans, La. Galveston, Tex.	P.P.T.P.T.T.T.T.T.P.T.P.T.P.T.T.P.T.P.T	77 8. 6 475. 6 7 7 476. 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	*685564 : 3885 : 58858545559445373554945454545458888888888888888888888888	67 67 71 62 60 51 51 63 58 83 67 56 56 79 98 60 98 88	+13 +14 +15 +14 +15 +16 +15 +16 +15 +16 +16 +17 +16 +17 +16 +17 +16 +17 +17 +16 +17 +17 +16 +17 +17 +17 +18 +18 +18 +19 +19 +19 +19 +19 +19 +19 +19 +19 +19	57 61 61 60 74 57 84 61 70 71 51 54 67 45 81 77 78 48 48	**************************************

\*Record by both methods. \*\*Record incomplete.

## WIND.

The prevailing winds for June, 1896, viz, those that were